



We guarantee that when our plants leave

The Home & Garden Center that they are in good health. Once the plants leave our care the responsibility of the health of the plant transfers to you.

Just like when a puppy is adopted from the shelter, once the puppy is taken home, the care of the animal rests on the owner.

We want your plants to thrive, if they start showing signs or symptoms of disease, PLEASE call, email, or text us RIGHT AWAY with pictures so our team can identify the problem and the solution.

(Most of the time it is a watering issue, not enough or too much – which can be easily solved)

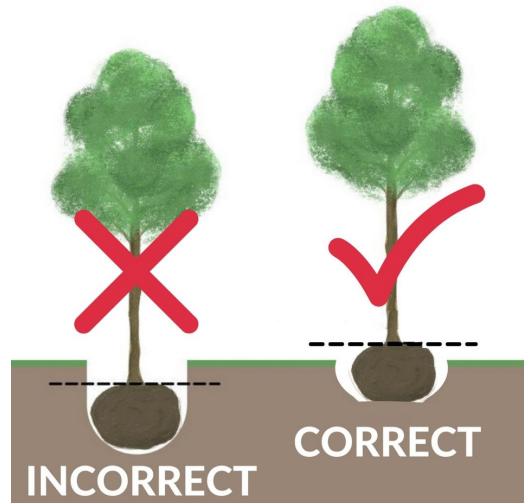
**HAVE QUESTIONS?
FEEL FREE TO REACH OUT TO US!**

Phone: 903-753-2223
Email: email@thgc.net
Text: 903-339-0922

EASY planting instructions for shrubs & trees

1. Remove plant from pot and measure the depth of the root ball
2. Dig hole 1-inch less than the depth of the root ball
3. Dig hole at LEAST 6-inches wider than the root ball
4. Place the plant in the hole making sure that 1 inch of the root ball is above ground level.
5. Fill dirt in around the root ball. If using soil amendment mix it with existing dirt that was removed and backfill the hole. **DO NOT PLACE DIRT ON TOP OF THE ROOT BALL.**
6. Cover root ball with up to 3 inches of mulch to help retain water and prevent weed growth.
7. Water the tree slowly so the water soaks through the root ball. Apply the liquid root stimulator at this time.

**"Plant it LOW, it won't grow.
Plant it HIGH, it won't die."**



Watering Newly Planted shrubs & trees

1. Water thoroughly until the root ball and the soil around the plant are soaked after planting.
2. Amount and frequency of watering will depend upon time of year, amount of rain fall and temperature. Less in cool weather, more in hotter weather.
3. Check the soil for moisture content to determine if the plant needs water. Use a moisture meter or insert a probe (stick, ruler, etc.) into the soil to check for moisture. Wet dirt will stick to the probe, dry dirt won't.
4. Water the plant when the soil is dry. Usually no more than 1 time per day except in hot, summer weather.
5. Watch the leaves on your plant for signs of underwatering or overwatering.
 - Soft droopy leaves, possibly turning yellow or brown, that stay on the plant mean it is getting too much water.
 - Crispy, brown colored leaves mean that the plant needs water.

