# Bromeliad Care Bromeliad Care Bromeliad Care

#### WATERING

The roots of most potted bromeliads like to be moist, but **NEVER** soggy or dry. Keep the center of the bromeliad filled with fresh water. Do not allow the water to get old or stagnant, otherwise root rot can occur. Water should be room temperature and poured directly into the center cup allowing water to run through the center reservoir and into the soil medium.

Root system watering is just as important as the cup. Frequency of watering depends highly on the bromeliad variety as well as the temperature and humidity of the environment. Mist plants a couple times a week if humidity is 50-60%, daily if lower.

## LIGHT

Light requirements vary with each species, cultivar or hybrid. All bromeliads require some form of partial or highly shaded light in order to perform optimally. Bright, but indirect light, is best. With more intense light conditions, it is important to ensure enough watering occurs to prevent drying out.

# TEMPERATURE

Most bromeliads will tolerate a broad range of temperatures from 95°F/29°C high to a low of 34°F/1.1°C. The optimal ranges are 70-90°F/21.1°C-32.2°C during the day and 50°F-60°F/10°C-15°C during the night. Air circulation is most desirable for bromeliads, especially in hot conditions. Cold air does not hold much humidity whereas hotter air can. Relatively, humidity for bromeliads should be between 50-70%.

# FERTILIZING

It is advisable to feed bromeliads with diluted, soluble fertilizer at about 1/8 the strength specified on the label.

> **Questions?** Text us at (903) 339-0922 or email us at email@thgc.net

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